FINANCIAL STATEMENTS with ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

TWELVE MONTH PERIOD ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2005

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Wilson & Company

Certified Public Accountants / A Professional Corporation

Beaver Fire District #1 Beaver, Utah 84713

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Beaver Fire District #1, a component unit of Beaver County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. All information included in these financial statements is the representation of the management of Beaver Fire District #1.

A review consists principally of inquiries of Company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an examination in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

WILSON & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants

Cedar City, Utah June 28, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion of Beaver Fire District #1's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ending December 31, 2005. This report is in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

The purpose of the District is to provide ambulance and fire protection services to its residents. Additional services provided to residents of the District include fire prevention education.

Financial Highlights

The assets of Beaver Fire District #1 exceeded its liabilities as of the close of the most recent year by \$999,890 (net assets). Of this amount, \$325,573 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The government's total net assets increased by \$27,981. The expenditures exceeded revenues and the final adopted budget exceeded the actual expenditure amounts.

At the close of the current year, the Beaver Fire District #1 government funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$106,452, an increase of \$42,327 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$106,452 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).

Beaver Fire District #1's total debt decreased by \$20,959 during the current year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Beaver Fire District #1's basic financial statements. Beaver Fire District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Beaver Fire District #1 finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of Beaver Fire District #1's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Beaver Fire District #1 is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Beaver Fire District #1 that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of Beaver Fire District #1 include administrative support services, fire & rescue operations, fire prevention, fire fighters training and building & equipment maintenance. The business-type activity of Beaver Fire District #1 is ambulance services.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Beaver Fire District #1, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Beaver Fire District #1 can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and enterprise funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term

impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes if fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Beaver Fire District #1 maintains a governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund.

Beaver Fire District #1 adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds

Beaver Fire District #1 maintains a proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Beaver Fire District #1 uses an enterprise fund to account for its ambulance service operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the ambulance service which is considered a major fund of the District.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Beaver Fire District #1.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and the enterprise fund is presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Beaver Fire District #1, assets exceeded liabilities by \$999,890 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of Beaver Fire District #1's net assets (68 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Beaver Fire District #1 uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although Beaver Fire District #1's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. At the end of the year, Beaver Fire District #1 is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Beaver Fire District's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
	2004	2005	2004	2005
Current & other assets	64,125	10 8,9 35	203,231	221,464
Capital assets	492,169	47 7,8 23	234,135	196,494
Total assets	55 6,29 4	586,758	437,366	417,958
Long-term liabilities outstanding	-		20,959	
Other liabilities		2,483	3,964	2,343
Total liabilities		2,483	24,923	2,343
Net assets:		· ·	•	
Investment in capital assets, net of debt	492,169	47 7,8 23	213,176	196,494
Unrestricted	64,125	106,452	199,267	219,121
Total net assets	556,294	584,275	412,443	415,615

Beaver Fire District's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
	2004	2005	2004	2005
Revenues:				···
Program revenues				
Charges for services		6,490	118,832	140,177
Operating grants & contributions	5,020		15,632	10,060
Capital grants and contributions		27,230	·	·
General revenues				
Taxes	70,247	73,240		
Interest earnings	488	1,340	2,051	3,051
Other revenues	878		5,206	5,425
Total revenues	76,633	10 8,30 0	141,721	158,713
Expenses:				
Administrative support services	16,608	19,05 0		
Fire operations	27,229	34,104		
Building & equipment maintenance	2 7,67 4	27,165		
Ambulance services			152,470	155,541
Total expenses	71,511	80,319	152,470	155,541
Increase/desrease in net assets	5,122	27,981	(10,749)	3,172

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Beaver Fire District #1 uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of Beaver Fire District #1's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Beaver Fire District #1's financing requirements. In particular unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Beaver Fire District #1. At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$73,605, which is the total fund balance. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

Proprietary funds

Beaver Fire District #1's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the ambulance service fund at the end of the year amounted to \$219,121.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual expenditures were \$16,327 less than final budgeted expenditures. Actual revenues were \$19,973 more than budgeted revenues.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

Beaver Fire District #1's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2005, amounts to \$477,823 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings and equipment.

Beaver Fire District's Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
	2004	2005	2004	2005
Land		<u>-</u>	5,000	5,000
Buildings	38 8,78 4	37 5,8 61	35,242	32,248
Machinery, equipment & automobiles	103,385	101 ,9 62	193,893	159,246
Total net assets	492,169	477,8 23	234,135	196,494

Additional information on Beaver Fire District #1's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt

During the current year, Beaver Fire District #1 retired all of its outstanding long-term debt.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Beaver Fire District #1 finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Beaver Fire District #1, P. O. Box 566, Beaver, Utah, 84713.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	108,935	163,089	272,024
Accounts Receivable	-	53,903	53,903
Prepaid Insurance	-	4,472	4,472
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation	477,823	196,494	674,317
Total Assets	586,758	417,958	1,004,716
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	2,483	2,343	4,82 6
Total Liabilities	2,483	2,343	4,826
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	477,823	196,494	674,317
Unrestricted	106,452	219,121	325,573
Total net assets	584,275	415,615	999,890

Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2005

			Program Revenue	S
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities:				
Administrative Support Services	19,050			
Fire Operations	34,104	6,490		27,230
Building & Equipment Maintenance	27,165			
Total governmental Activities	80,319	6,490	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27,230
Business-type activities:				
Ambulance Service Fund	155,541	140,177	10,060	
Total business-type activities	155,541	140,177	10,060	
Total primary government	235,860	146,667	10,060	27,230

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes
Investment earnings - unrestricted
Other general revenues
Total general revenues
Change in net assets
Net assets - beginning
Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
(19,050)		(19,0 50)
(384)		(384)
(27,165)		(27,165)
(46,599)		(46,599)
	(5,304)	(5,304)
	(5,304)	(5,304)
(46,599)	(5,304)	(51,903)
	•	
73,240		7 3,2 40
1,340	3,051	4,3 91
	5,425	5,4 25
74,580	8,476	7 7,6 31
27,981	3,172	31,153
556,294	412,443	96 8,7 37
584,275	415,615	99 9,8 90

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	General Fund	Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	76,088	32,847	108,935
Total Assets	76,088	32,847	108,935
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	2,483 2,483	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,483 2,483
Fund Balance: Fund Balance:	* .		
Unreserved	73,605	32 ,8 47	106,452
Total Fund Balance	73,605	32,847	106,452
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	76,088	32,847	108,935

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	106,452
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$731,378 and the accumulated depreciation	
is \$253,555.	477,823
Total net assets - governmental activities	584.275

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

	General	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds
REVENUES			
Property Toylor	72 240		72.240
Property Taxes Interest Earned	73,240	1 027	73,240
Other Income	313 6,490	1,027	1,340
Grant Revenue	the state of the s		6,490
TOTAL REVENUES	27,230	1.027	27,230
TOTAL REVENUES	107,273	1,027	108,300
EXPENDITURES			
Contracted Service	14,997		14,997
Maintenance, Training and Supplies	17,201		17,201
Utilities	5,622		5,622
Insurance	11,011		11,011
Capital Outlay	17,142		17,142
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	65,973		65,973
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	41,300	1,027	42,327
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating transfers in		5,000	5,000
Operating transfers out	(5,000)	, ,	(5,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,000)	5,000	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue & Other Financin	g		
Sources (Uses) over Expenditures	36,300	6,027	42,327
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	37,305	26,820	64,125
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	73,605	32,847	106,452

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

December 31, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	42,327
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current year.	(14,346)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	27,981

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

Budgetary fund balance, January 1 37,305 37,305 37,305 Resources (inflows): 70,000 70,000 73,240 Interest Earned 300 300 313 Other Income 6,490	nal Budget Positive
Budgetary fund balance, January 1 37,305 37,305 37,305 Resources (inflows): 70,000 70,000 73,240 Interest Earned 300 300 313 Other Income 6,490	Negative)
Property Taxes 70,000 70,000 73,240 Interest Earned 300 300 313 Other Income 6,490	
Interest Earned 300 300 313 Other Income 6,490	
Interest Earned 300 300 313 Other Income 6,490	3,240
0,470	13
	6,490
Grant Revenue17,00017,000 27,230	10,230
Amounts available for appropriation 124,605 124,605 144,578	19,973
Charges to appropriations (outflows)	
Contracted Service 21,000 21,000 14,997	6,003
Maintenance, Training and Supplies 21,600 21,600 17,201	4,399
Utilities 7,500 7,500 5,622	1,878
Insurance 12,200 12,200 11,011	1,189
Capital Outlay 20,000 20,000 17,142	2,858
Transfers to Other Funds 5,000 5,000 5,000	-,
Total charges to appropriations 87,300 87,300 70,973	16,327
Budgetary fund balance, December 31 37,305 37,305 73,605	3,646

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation December 31, 2005

Sources/Inflows and Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedules.	144,578
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current-year revenue for financial reporting purposes.	(37,305)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues expenditures, and changes in fund balance - governmental funds.	107,273

BALANCE SHEET ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES December 31, 2005

ASSETS	Ambulance Service Fund	Totals (Memorandum Only) December 31, 2004
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	162 000	146.005
Accounts Receivable	163,089	146,925
Prepaid Insurance	53,903	56,306
Total Current Assets	4,472	
Long-term Assets:	221,464	203,231
Land & Buildings	70.050	5 0.050
Equipment	79,850	79,850
Vehicles	120,323	120,323
Accumulated Depreciation	393,106	393,106
Total Long-term Assets	(396,785)	(359,144)
TOTAL ASSETS	196,494	234,135
1 0 11 13 1 100 11 10	417,958	437,366
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	2,343	3,224
Accrued Interest Payable	2,3 13	740
Current Portion of Capital Lease Obligations	· ·	20,959
Total Current Liabilities	2,343	24,923
Total Liabilities	2,343	24,923
	2,0 10	27,723
Fund Equity:		
Retained Earnings:		
Unreserved	415,615	412,443
Total Fund Equity	415,615	412,443
	.13,013	712,443
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	417,958	437,366
•	11,,500	457,500

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

		To tal s
		(Memorandum Only)
	Ambulance	December 31,
.	Service Fund	2004
OPERATING REVENUE:		
Charges for Services	140,177	118,832
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	140,177	118,832
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Accounting Services	22,430	21,322
Education and Training	4,572	4,94 9
Conferences and Workshops	9,513	9,457
Liability Insurance	3,645	8,63 8
Contracted Services	25,470	29,312
Equipment Repairs and Maintenance	9,054	4,581
Supplies	13,867	9,550
Utilities	8,749	7,442
Travel	6,414	4,417
Other Expenses	14,186	11,004
Depreciation	37,641	41,798
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	155,541	152,470
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(15,364)	(33,638)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest Income	3,051	2,051
Grant Proceeds	10,060	15,632
Other Income (Expense)	5,425	5,206
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	18,536	22,889
NET INCOME (LOSS)	3,172	(10,749)
RETAINED EARNINGS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	412,443	423,192
RETAINED EARNINGS - END OF YEAR	415,615	412,443

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Totals
		(Memorandum Only)
	Ambulance	December 31,
Cash Flores From Operating Assisting	Service Fund	2004
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Payments from service users	142,580	135,057
Payments to suppliers	(76 ,09 3)	(66,335)
Other payments	(47,900)	(43,907)
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,587	24,815
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest Earned	3,051	2,051
Net cash flows from investing activities	3,051	2,051
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Other receipts	15,485	20.020
Capital Lease Obligations	(20,959)	20,838
Purchases of capital assets	(20,939)	(20,179)
Net cash flows from Capital and Related Financing activities	(5,474)	(24,390)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	` ,	,
Cash - January 1	16,164	3,135
Cash - December 31	146,925	143,790
	163,089	146,925
Reconciliation of operating income to net		·······
cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	(15,364)	(33,638)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		(55,050)
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	37,641	41,798
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables		
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables	2,403	16,22 5
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Insurance	(4,472)	-
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Interest	(740)	(861)
Increase (Decrease) in Payables	(881)	1,291
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,587	24,815

(a Component Unit of Beaver County)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Beaver Fire District #1 was created by the Beaver County Commissioners and operates under a board of directors to provide fire protection and ambulance services to the residence of Beaver County.

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles.

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements, as well as applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins that were issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 are not followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements. The more significant of Beaver Fire Districts's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity - For financial reporting purposes, the District has included all funds and account groups. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause financial statements of the District to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria are included in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 and include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

No component units exist as of December 31, 2005. However, the District is included for reporting purposes as a component unit of Beaver County, Utah.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. Interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

(a Component Unit of Beaver County)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those which are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The District applies expenses for restricted resources first when both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the District are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

(a Component Unit of Beaver County) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2005

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt-service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources fo the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

Ambulance Services

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(a Component Unit of Beaver County)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, and plant equipment. Capital assets are defined by the Beaver Fire District #1 as assets with an initial unit cost of \$2,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Beaver Fire District #1 are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives (see note 5 for further detail).

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Furniture	10
Office Equipment	10
Rescue Equipment	5-10
Rescue Vehicles	10-15

Federal Financial Assistance Programs

No Federal monies were received by the District during the year. Consequently, the Single Audit Act of 1984 as amended in 1996 does not apply.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues. For this purpose, operating revenues, such as service revenue, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities of the Beaver Fire District #1. Exchange transactions are those in which each party to the transactions receives or gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues arise from exchange transactions not associated with the Beaver Fire District's principal activities (such as investment income) and from all nonexchange transactions (such as grants).

BEAVER FIRE DISTRICT #1 (a Component Unit of Beaver County)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Net Assets

The Beaver Fire District #1 reports its net assets in three components. Net assets invested in capital assets are equal to amounts reported for capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and net of related debt. Restricted net assets are reported when assets (net of related debt) can only be used for a specified purpose that is established by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations governing the Beaver Fire District #1. None of the Beaver Fire District #1's restricted net assets arise from endowments. For this reason, all restricted net assets are considered expendable. Unrestricted net assets are all other Beaver Fire District net assets that do not meet the definitions of invested in capital assets or restricted.

NOTE 2. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Beaver Fire District #1 is subject to various types of risk such as tort actions, theft, damage, or destruction of assets by intent or acts of God, and job related illness or injury. The Beaver Fire District #1 has procured insurance which, in Beaver Fire District #1's estimation, is adequate to reduce the risk of loss to a manageable level.

(a Component Unit of Beaver County)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2005

NOTE 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

	CAPITAL ASSETS NOT DEPRECIATED	CAPITAL ASSETS		
	<u>Land</u>	Buildings	Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	<u>Totals</u>
Primary Government Governmental Activities				
Balance, January 1,		\$490,220	\$224 ,016	\$714,23 6
Increases			17,142	17,142
Decreases				
Balance, December 31,		490,220	241,158	<u>731,378</u>
Accumulated Depreciation				
Balance, January 1,		101,436	120,631	222,067
Increases		12,923	18,565	31,488
Decreases				
Balance, December 31,		114,359	139,196	253,555
Capital Assets, Net		\$375,861	\$101,962	_\$477.823
Business-type Activities				-
Balance, January 1,	\$5,000	\$74,850	\$513,429	\$59 3,27 9
Increases				
Decreases				
Balance December 31,	5,000	74,850	513,429	_593,279
Accumulated Depreciation	·			
Balance January 1,		39,608	319,536	359,144
Increased		2,994	34,647	37,641
Decreased				
Balance December 31,		42,602	354,183	396,785
Capital Assets, Net	\$5,000	\$32,248	<u>\$159,246</u>	\$ 196 ,49 4
Primary Government				
Capital Assets, Net	\$5,000	\$408,109	\$261 ,208	\$674.317

(a Component Unit of Beaver County)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2005

NOTE 3. CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions fo the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities

Business-type Activities

Fire & Rescue Operations

\$18,566

Ambulance Service

\$37,641

Building & Equipment

Maintenance

12,922

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes the cash account and several investments.

Deposits and investments for local governments are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code Annotated*, Title 51, Chapter 7, "the Act") and by rules of the Utah Money Management Council ("the Council").

The District's deposit and investment policy is to follow the Utah Money Management Act and rules of the Utah Management Council. However, the District does not have a separate deposit or investment policy that addresses specific types of deposit and investment risks to which the District is exposed.

Utah State law requires that District funds be deposited with a "qualified depository" as defined by the Utah Money Management Act. "Qualified depository" includes any depository institution which has been certified by the Utah State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as having met the requirements as defined in Rule 11 of the Utah Money Management Act. Rule 11 establishes the formula for determining the amount of public funds which a qualified depository may hold in order to minimize risk of loss and defines capital requirements which an institution must maintain to be eligible to accept public funds.

The Utah Money Management Act also governs the scope of securities allowed as appropriate temporary investments for the District and conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories or primary reporting dealers.

As of December 31, 2005, the District had the following deposits and investments:

(a Component Unit of Beaver County) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2005

NOTE 6. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposit and investment type	Fair Value
Cash on deposit	\$ 239,227
State Treasurer's investment pool	32,847
	<u>\$ 272,024</u>

The following paragraphs discuss the District's exposure to various risks related to its cash management activities.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be recovered. The District's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of the District to be in a qualified depository, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council. As of December 31, 2005, \$139,227 of the District's bank balances of \$239,227 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk of investments. The District's investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund has no custodial risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act. The Act requires investment transactions to be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities. Permitted investments include deposits of qualified depositories; repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first-tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating

(a Component Unit of Beaver County) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2005

NOTE 6. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poors; bankers acceptances; obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored enterprises; bonds and notes of political subdivisions of the State of Utah; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations as defined in the Act.

The District is authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), an external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer and subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participants' average daily balances.

Following are the District's investments at December 31, 2005.

Investment Type Fair Value

Maturity

Quality Ratings

PTIF

\$32,847

less than 1 year

not rated

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by solely investing in the PTIF and by adhering to the Money Management Act. The Act requires that the investing remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity of commercial paper to 270 days or less and fixed rate negotiable deposits and corporate obligations to 365 days or less. Maturities of the District's investments are noted above.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's policy to limit this risk is to adhere to the rules of the Money Management Council. The Council's rule 17 limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5 and 10 percent depending upon the total dollar amount held in the District's portfolio at the time of purchase.

As of year end, the District had no investments other than an investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund.

Combining Statement of Net Assets

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Assets	***	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	32,847	3 2,8 47
Total Assets	32,847	32,847
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities:		
Total Liabilities	`	
Fund Equity:		
Fund Balance:		
Unreserved	32,847	3 2,8 47
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	32,847	32,847

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

	Capital Projects Fund	Total
REVENUES		
Interest Earned TOTAL REVENUES	1,027 1,027	1, 02 7 1, 02 7
EXPENDITURES		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,027	1,027
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Operating transfers in	5,000	5,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,000	5,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue & Other Financing		
Sources (Uses) over Expenditures	6,027	6,027
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	26,820	26,820
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	32,847	32,847